

(i) Printed Pages : 4]

Roll No.

(ii) Questions : 8]

Sub. Code :

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**B.A./B.Sc. (General) 5th Semester
Examination**

1127

MATHEMATICS

(Analysis-I)

Paper : I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 30

Note :- Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two questions from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

Section-A

1. (a) Prove that the set :

{..... 2^{-3} , 2^{-2} , 2^{-1} , 1, 2^1 , 2^2 , 2^3 ,}

is countable.

(b) If $0 < x < 1$, then show that :

$$\frac{x}{1-x} \geq \log(1-x)^{-1} \geq x$$

NA-81

(1)

Turn Over

2. (a) If $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a monotonic function, then it is integrable on $[a, b]$.

(b) If f be continuous function defined on $[a, b]$, then show that there exists a real number $\theta \in [0, 1]$ such that :

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = (b-a)f\{a + \theta(b-a)\}$$

3. (a) If f is bounded and integrable in $[a, b]$, then $|f|$ is also bounded and integrable in $[a, b]$ and :

$$\left| \int_a^b f dx \right| \leq \int_a^b |f| dx$$

(b) Show that :

$$\int_0^1 x^{-1/3} (1-x)^{-2/3} (1+2x)^{-1} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{(9)^{1/3}} \beta\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

by substituting $\frac{x}{1-x} = \frac{az}{1-z}$, where a is constant

suitably selected.

4. (a) Prove that :

$$\Gamma(m)\Gamma\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2^{2m-1}} (2m)$$

(b) Evaluate :

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin x)^{2/3} (\cos x)^{-1/2} dx$$

Section-B

5. Examine the convergence of the following :

(a) $\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1+x} - e^{-x} \right) \frac{dx}{x}$

(b) $\int_a^b \frac{dx}{(x-a)\sqrt{b-x}}$

6. (a) Let $\phi(x)$ be bounded and monotonic in $[a, \infty)$

and tends to 0 as $x \rightarrow \infty$. Let $\int_a^t f(x) dx$ be bounded for all $t \geq a$. Then prove that

$$\int_a^{\infty} f(x)\phi(x) dx$$

is convergent at ∞ .

(b) Show that :

$$\int_e^{\infty} \frac{\log x \sin x}{x} dx$$

is convergent.

7. (a) Discuss the convergence of :

$$\int_0^1 \frac{\log x}{1-x^2} dx$$

(b) Show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin ax \sin bx}{x} dx$ converges to

$$\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{a+b}{a-b} \right) \text{ where } a \text{ and } b \text{ are +ve reals.}$$

8. By applying rule of differentiation under integral sign, prove the following :

(a) $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-xy} \sin x}{x} dx = \cot^{-1} y, y > 0$

(b) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\log(1+b \sin^2 x)}{\sin^2 x} dx = \pi[\sqrt{1+b} - 1].$

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